

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Zettex X50 Canister

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Product name | Zettex X50 Canister |
| Container size | 13kg |
| REACH registration notes | All chemicals used in this product have been registered under REACH where required. |

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

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|----------------------|--|
| Identified uses | Adhesive. |
| Uses advised against | Flexible PVC due to the risk of plasticiser migration. |

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| | |
|----------|--|
| Supplier | Zettex Europe BV Plaza 20 4782 SK Moerdijk The Netherlands Tel: +31 888 938839 Fax: +31 888 938888 info@zettex.nl |
|----------|--|

1.4. Emergency telephone number

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Emergency telephone | Zettex Europe BV 031 (0) 888 938 839 (Mon-Fri 09:00-17:00) |
|---------------------|--|

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Physical hazards | Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 |
| Health hazards | STOT SE 3 - H336 |
| Environmental hazards | Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 |

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Zettex X50 Canister

| | |
|---|--|
| Precautionary statements | <p>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</p> <p>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</p> <p>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</p> <p>P261 Avoid breathing spray.</p> <p>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</p> <p>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</p> <p>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</p> <p>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</p> |
| Supplemental label information | EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| Contains | PENTANE, ACETONE |
| Supplementary precautionary statements | <p>P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.</p> <p>P391 Collect spillage.</p> <p>P405 Store locked up.</p> |

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. In use, may form flammable/ explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours of the product are heavier than air and may accumulate on the ground, in the sump of pits, drains or cellars with higher concentrations. Ground level ventilation is recommended. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| |
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| DIMETHYL ETHER 30-60% CAS number: 115-10-6 EC number: 204-065-8 REACH registration number: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX |
| Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280 |
| PENTANE 30-60% CAS number: 109-66-0 EC number: 203-692-4 REACH registration number: 01-2119459286-30-0000 |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 1 - H224 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 |

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| | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--|
| ACETONE | | 1-5% |
| CAS number: 67-64-1 | EC number: 200-662-2 | REACH registration number: 01-2119471330-49-XXXX |
| Classification | | |
| Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 | | |
| Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 | | |
| STOT SE 3 - H336 | | |

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| General information | Move affected person to fresh air at once. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. |
| Inhalation | Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep affected person under observation. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. |
| Eye contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. |
| Protection of first aiders | First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| General information | The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. |
| Inhalation | Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death. |
| Ingestion | There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. |
| Skin contact | Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. |
| Eye contact | May irritate eyes. Profuse watering of the eyes. |

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Notes for the doctor | Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. |
| Specific treatments | If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Forms explosive mixtures with air. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon. Acrid smoke or fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.

For non-emergency personnel For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

For emergency responders For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area every day.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store at temperatures not exceeding 50°C.

Storage class Flammable compressed gas storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage description Solvent based adhesive.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

DIMETHYL ETHER

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 766 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 958 mg/m³

PENTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1800 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6)

PNEC

- Fresh water; 0,155 mg/l
- Intermittent release, Water; 1,549 mg/l
- Water; 160 mg/l
- marine water; 0,016 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 0,681 mg/l
- Sediment (Marinewater); 0,069 mg/l
- Soil; 0,045 mg/l

PENTANE (CAS: 109-66-0)

DNEL

- Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 432 mg/kg/day
- Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3 mg/m³
- Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 214 mg/kg/day
- Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 643 mg/m³
- Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 214 mg/kg/day

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)

DNEL

- Consumer - Oral; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day
- Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day
- Industry - Dermal; Long term : 186 mg/kg/day
- Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 200 mg/m³
- Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 2420 mg/m³
- Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 1210

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PNEC

- Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l
- marine water; 1.06 mg/l
- Intermittent release; 21 mg/l
- Soil; 29.5 mg/l
- Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg
- Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Personal protection

Wear protective work clothing.

Eye/face protection

Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

(PE/PA/PE), 2.5mil (0.06mm), >480 min. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Nitrile rubber. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

Other skin and body protection

Provide eyewash station. Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

Hygiene measures

Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.

Respiratory protection

If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. In confined or poorly-ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type AX.

Thermal hazards

Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin.

Environmental exposure controls

Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Aerosol.

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| Colour | Amber. Blue. |
| Odour | Aromatic hydrocarbons. |
| Odour threshold | Data lacking. |
| pH | pH (concentrated solution): 7-8 |
| Melting point | Data lacking. |
| Initial boiling point and range | Pentane: 35°C @ 760 mm Hg Acetone: 56°C @ 760 mm Hg |
| Flash point | A flash point method is not available for aerosols, but the major hazardous component, the propellant (Dimethyl ether) has a flash point of <-41°C with flammability limits of 3.3% vol. upper and 26.2% vol. lower. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Evaporation factor | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | No specific test data are available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Not available. |
| Other flammability | No specific test data are available. |
| Vapour pressure | Not available. |
| Vapour density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Liquid base: 0.75 @ 20°C |
| Bulk density | Not applicable. |
| Solubility(ies) | Insoluble in water. |
| Partition coefficient | Not available. |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Liquid base: 450-550 cP @ 20°C |
| Explosive properties | In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. |
| Explosive under the influence of a flame | Yes |
| Oxidising properties | Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising. |

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 85 %.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Highly volatile.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Will not polymerise. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. The following materials may react violently with the product: Oxidising materials.

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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or confined areas.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

General information

Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.

Inhalation

May cause respiratory system irritation.

Ingestion

May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact

Irritating to skin.

Eye contact

May cause severe eye irritation.

Acute and chronic health hazards

Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation.

Route of exposure

Skin absorption. Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact Ingestion

Target organs

No specific target organs known.

Medical symptoms

Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms following overexposure to vapour may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting.

Medical considerations

No information available.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

DIMETHYL ETHER

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Not applicable.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Not applicable.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) 164000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

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| | |
|--|--|
| Serious eye damage/irritation | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| <u>Respiratory sensitisation</u> | |
| Respiratory sensitisation | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| <u>Skin sensitisation</u> | |
| Skin sensitisation | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| <u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u> | |
| Genotoxicity - in vitro | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| Genotoxicity - in vivo | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| <u>Carcinogenicity</u> | |
| Carcinogenicity | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> | |
| Reproductive toxicity - fertility | This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction. |
| <u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u> | |
| STOT - repeated exposure | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Skin contact | Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. |
| Medical symptoms | Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Arrhythmia (deviation from normal heart beat). |

PENTANE

| | |
|---|--|
| <u>Acute toxicity - oral</u> | |
| Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) | 2.0 |
| Species | Rat |
| <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> | |
| Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) | 25.3 |
| Species | Rat |
| ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) | 25.3 |
| <u>Respiratory sensitisation</u> | |
| Respiratory sensitisation | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| <u>Skin sensitisation</u> | |
| Skin sensitisation | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| <u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u> | |
| Genotoxicity - in vitro | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |

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Genotoxicity - in vivo Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact May cause discomfort.

ACETONE

Toxicological effects The toxicity of this substance has been assessed during REACH registration.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀) 2,000.0 mg/kg

Species Rabbit

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Epidemiological studies have shown no evidence of skin sensitisation.

Skin contact Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

DIMETHYL ETHER

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: >4000 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: >4000 mg/l, Daphnia magna
LC₅₀, 48 hours: 755,549 mg/l, Daphnia magna

PENTANE

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Acute aquatic toxicity

| | |
|---|---|
| Acute toxicity - fish | LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 4.26 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 2.7 mg/l, Daphnia magna |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic plants | NOEC, 72 hours: 7.51 mg/l, Freshwater algae EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: 10.7 mg/l, Freshwater algae |

ACETONE

Acute aquatic toxicity

| | |
|---|---|
| Acute toxicity - fish | LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Fish |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 12600 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 8300 mg/l, Daphnia magna |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic plants | IC ₅₀ , 72 hours: >100 mg/l, Algae |

Chronic aquatic toxicity

| | |
|---|---|
| Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | NOEC, 28 days: >10<100 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates |
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12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Not expected to be readily biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

DIMETHYL ETHER

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | Not readily biodegradable. |
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PENTANE

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Persistence and degradability | The product is biodegradable. Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days. |
|--------------------------------------|---|

ACETONE

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | The product is readily biodegradable. |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

DIMETHYL ETHER

| | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data available on bioaccumulation. |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

PENTANE

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not determined. |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|

Zettex X50 Canister

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

DIMETHYL ETHER

Mobility Koc: 7,759

PENTANE

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

DIMETHYL ETHER

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

PENTANE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

ACETONE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PENTANE

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Ensure containers are empty before discarding (explosion risk). Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Waste class Empty Canister: 15 01 10 (Containing hazardous residue), Empty Canister: 15 01 04 (No hazardous residues), Full or Partially Empty Canister: 16 05 04.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Zettex X50 Canister

14.1. UN number

| | |
|------------------|------|
| UN No. (ADR/RID) | 3501 |
| UN No. (IMDG) | 3501 |
| UN No. (ICAO) | 3501 |
| UN No. (ADN) | 3501 |

14.2. UN proper shipping name

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) | CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, PENTANE, ACETONE) |
| Proper shipping name (IMDG) | CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, PENTANE, ACETONE) |
| Proper shipping name (ICAO) | CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, PENTANE, ACETONE) |
| Proper shipping name (ADN) | CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, PENTANE, ACETONE) |

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| ADR/RID class | 2.1 |
| ADR/RID classification code | 8F |
| ADR/RID label | 2.1 |
| IMDG class | 2.1 |
| ICAO class/division | 2.1 |
| ADN class | 2.1 |

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

| | |
|--|----------|
| EmS | F-D, S-U |
| ADR transport category | 2 |
| Emergency Action Code | 2YE |
| Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID) | 23 |
| Tunnel restriction code | (B/D) |

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14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

| | |
|--|--|
| EU legislation | Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). |
| Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006) | No specific authorisations are known for this product. |
| Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006) | No specific restrictions on use are known for this product. |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

| | |
|---|--|
| Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 | Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Weight of evidence. STOT SE 3 - H336: Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411: Calculation method. |
| Issued by | Technical Department |
| Revision date | 03/11/2017 |
| Revision | 2 |
| Supersedes date | 15/01/2016 |
| SDS number | 21581 |
| Hazard statements in full | H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.